QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS CENTER (QAC)

QAC150 Working with SQL and Databases
Many of you heard of studies that analyzed Twitter messages and predicted some phenomena—spread of flu in New York, consumer confidence index, etc. Behind the success of these studies are the systems for data storage and retrieval. A regular user can access only the latest 9 days of tweets. Any study that aspires to analyze longer periods has to deal with the issues of storing the observations and retrieving them later for analysis. The goal of this course is to show you how to do that—how to connect to various types of databases and how to retrieve and update your data. We will start with relational databases; learn SQL, the language used to query and update the data; and will explore the latest developments in the database field—Hadoop and MapReduce.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC151 Working with Excel and VBA
Many of us know Excel for its spreadsheets: a quick and easy way to store some information, share it, and maybe make some charts. The goal of this course is to show you the more advanced features of Excel. We will write code in Visual Basic for Applications, learn how to import data from external databases and web-based resources, create custom menus to interact with a user, and examine how Excel can be used in business decision-making.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC153 Working with Mathematica
The course introduces students to Mathematica's computing environment and all the basic features of the software. Starting with basic operations and computations, students will be introduced to graphics and visualization and mathematical computations and will learn through a series of hands-on lab exercises to use the Mathematica programming language for modeling and data analysis. While there are no prerequisites, a basic familiarity with computing tools and understanding of descriptive statistics, along with a basic calculus background and a willingness to make mistakes and learn from them, is expected.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC155 Working with Python
The course introduces students to programming, data management and analysis with Python. Through a series of hands on lab exercises students learn to work with a variety of data using a high-level programming language and associated libraries to effectively manage and analyze their data. The emphasis is on data exploration and visualization and includes work with unstructured data generated by social media interactions. While there are no prerequisites, a basic familiarity with computing tools, understanding of descriptive statistics and a willingness to make mistakes and learn from them is expected.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT

QAC156 Working with R
The course introduces students to programming, data management and analysis with R. Through a series of hands on lab exercises students learn to work with a variety of data formats and use R's programming language and associated packages to effectively manage and analyze their data, with an emphasis on data exploration and visualization. While there are no prerequisites, a basic familiarity with computing tools, understanding of descriptive statistics and a willingness to make mistakes and learn from them is expected.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC157 Working with SAS
The course introduces students to programming, data management and analysis with SAS. Through a series of hands on lab exercises students learn to work with a variety of data formats and use SAS' programming capabilities to effectively manage and analyze their data, with an emphasis on data exploration and visualization. While there are no prerequisites, a basic familiarity with computing tools, understanding of descriptive statistics and a willingness to make mistakes and learn from them is expected.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC158 Working with Stata
The course introduces students to programming, data management and analysis with Stata. Through a series of hands on lab exercises students learn to work with a variety of data formats and use Stata's programming capabilities to effectively manage and analyze their data, with an emphasis on data exploration and visualization. While there are no prerequisites, a basic familiarity with computing tools, understanding of descriptive statistics and a willingness to make mistakes and learn from them is expected.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 0.25
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC
Prereq: None

QAC171 Business Modeling with Excel
Broadly speaking, the course is about evidence-based decision-making. It is intended for students with a background in Excel and VBA who want to learn how to use spreadsheets to develop business and financial models and communicate the results. Model building is different from the usual Excel skills as it focuses more on the analytical/mathematical aspects than on data wrangling, and requires some basic familiarity with economic/financial models and data analysis tools. We will start with problems where the inputs are deterministic and we must decide on optimal allocation of resources. We will then advance to problems with stochastic inputs and explore solutions either through simulation or through optimization of goal functions. Through this work we will develop the appropriate programming skills (VBA) and learn to effectively use Excel to implement our models and display the results of our analyses.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT  
Credits: 0.25  
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC  
Prereq: QAC151 AND ECON300

QAC200 Introduction to Data Management
Data management is the most critical component of data analysis, and comprises the vast majority of the work. Without properly managed data, statistical analysis is inaccurate, if not impossible. Therefore, knowing how to manage data and conduct quality control checks on managed data is essential for data analysts in any discipline. The goal of this course is to provide hands on, project based instruction in data management techniques using industry standard statistical software. Students will be provided with research questions and data sets, and they will be required to manage the data to prepare it for statistical analysis, and provide basic reports, descriptive statistics, and graphs. In addition, they will be introduced to SQL, a powerful programming language that can interface with statistical software to conduct more complex and efficient data management. Students in this course will learn how to use statistical software to evaluate, clean, and manipulate data sets to get the data ready for statistical analysis. In addition, they will be capable of using basic SQL commands to manipulate data. They will also learn best practices for data management and basic quality control checking using summary reports, descriptive statistics, and graphing.
Offering: Host  
Grading: A-F  
Credits: 1.00  
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC  
Identical With: PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293, PSYC293  
Prereq: None

QAC201 Applied Data Analysis
In this project-based course, you will have the opportunity to answer questions that you feel passionately about through independent research based on existing data. Students will have the opportunity to develop skills in generating testable hypotheses, conducting a literature review, preparing data for analysis, conducting descriptive and inferential statistical analyses, and presenting research findings. The course offers unlimited one-on-one support, ample opportunities to work with other students, and training in the skills required to complete a project of your own design. These skills will prepare you to work in many different research labs across the University that collect empirical data. It is also an opportunity to fulfill an important requirement in several different majors.
Offering: Host  
Grading: A-F  
Credits: 1.00  
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC  
Identical With: SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201, PSYC280, NS&B280, SOC257, GOVT201  
Prereq: None

QAC211 Digging the Digital Era: A Data Science Primer
The course introduces students to the practice of what has come to be known as data science. Using a multidisciplinary approach and data from a variety of sources that cover any aspect of everyday life—from credit card transactions to social media interactions and web searches—data scientists try to analyze and predict events, and behavior. The first part of the course defines the area and introduces basic concepts, tools and emerging applications. We describe how “big data” analysis affects both business practices and public policy, and discuss applications in different areas/disciplines. We also discuss the ethical, legal, and privacy dimensions of “big data” analysis. In part two of the course, we work on data acquisition and management and introduce appropriate programming and data management tools. In part three, we concentrate on basic analytical and visualization techniques as we explore and understand the emerging patterns. Using a learning-by-doing approach in a computing laboratory, students will learn how to write computer programs in R to access, organize, and analyze data through a series of small projects designed to illustrate the application of the techniques we develop for a variety of data sets and situations. Students will also engage in a semester-long project where they will access and use data from social media (Twitter) to address their own research questions.
Offering: Host  
Grading: A-F  
Credits: 1.00  
Prereq: None

QAC221 Introduction to Modeling: From Molecules to Markets
The development of models to describe physical or social phenomena has a long history in several disciplines, including physics, chemistry, economics, and sociology. With the emergence of ubiquitous computing resources, model building is becoming increasingly important across all disciplines. This course will examine how to apply modeling and computational thinking skills to a range of problems. Using examples drawn from physics, biology, economics, and social networks, we will discuss how to create models for complex systems that are both descriptive and predictive. The course will include significant computational work. No previous programming experience is required, but a willingness to learn simple programming methods is essential.
Offering: Crosslisting  
Grading: A-F  
Credits: 1.00  
Gen Ed Area: NSM-PHYS, NSM-PHYS, NSM-PHYS, NSM-PHYS  
Identical With: PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231, PHYS221, CIS231  
Prereq: None

QAC231 Introduction to (Geo)Spatial Data Analysis and Visualization
Geographic information systems (GIS) provide researchers, policy makers, and citizens with a powerful analytical framework for spatial pattern recognition, decision making, and data exploration. This course is designed to introduce social science and humanities students to spatial thinking through the collection, management, analysis, and visualization of geospatial data using both desktop and cloud-based platforms. Classes will consist of short lectures, hands-on training using different spatial analysis and geodesign technologies (e.g. ESRI ArcGIS, Google Fusion Tables, MapBox), group projects, critiques, and class discussions. Weekly readings and assignments will build skills and reinforce concepts introduced in class. The course will culminate in the development of a group project. Guest lectures by faculty across campus will allow students to comprehend the breadth of applicability of spatial thinking in today's research arena. The course is part of Wesleyan's Digital and Computational Knowledge Initiative and is aimed at students with limited or no prior GIS experience.
Offering: Host  
Grading: A-F  
Credits: 1.00  
Prereq: None
QAC239 Proseminar: GIS in Research

A geographic information system (GIS) is a powerful database that allows for the collection, manipulation, analysis, and presentation of spatially referenced data. GIS technologies facilitate natural and social science research and any other project that utilizes location-based data. The purpose of the course is to develop, support, and expand the GIS users on campus by enriching geospatial literacy and enticing faculty, staff, and students to incorporate spatial data in their endeavors. Participants will learn tips and skills helpful to their individual projects up to and including advanced techniques for more experienced GIS users. Meetings will also include outside speakers currently applying GIS to their scholarship and/or teaching, skills workshops to expose participants to GIS techniques (e.g., georeferencing, Google Fusion Tables), group consultation sessions, and individual consultation.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: None
Identical With: CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239, CIS239
Prereq: COMP112 OR QAC155 OR QAC156

QAC241 Introduction to Network Analysis

This is an interdisciplinary hands-on course examining the application of network analysis in various fields. It will introduce students to the formalism of networks, software for network analysis, and applications from a range of disciplines (history, sociology, public health, business, political science). We will review the main concepts in network analysis, learn how to use the software (e.g. network analysis and GIS libraries in R), and will work through practice problems involving data from several sources (Twitter, Facebook, airlines, medical innovation, historical data). Upon completion of the course, students will be able to conduct independent research in their fields using network analysis tools.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC
Identical With: CIS241, CIS241, CIS241, CIS241, CIS241, CIS241, CIS241, CIS241
Prereq: None

QAC250 Topics in Journalism: Introduction to Data Journalism

This course serves as an introduction to the field of data journalism. Students will learn to apply the processes of a data scientist to journalism using the R software platform. Through case studies and practical assignments, students will gain knowledge of data journalism's rich history and potential, while practicing modern, hands-on methods in acquiring, exploring, analyzing and reporting about data. By the end of the course, students will be able to produce polished data stories and be prepared to continue pursuing their interests in either journalism or data science.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC
Identical With: CSP250, WRCT250, CSP250, WRCT250, CSP250, WRCT250, CSP250, WRCT250
Prereq: None

QAC251 Data Visualization: An Introduction

This course will introduce students to the principals and tools necessary to present quantitative information in a visual way. While tables and graphs are widely used in our daily lives, it takes skill to deconstruct what story is being told. It also takes a perceptive eye to know when information is being misrepresented with particular graphics. The main goals of the course are for students to learn how to present information efficiently and accurately so that we enhance our understanding of complex quantitative information and to become proficient with data visualization tools. Beginning with basic graphing tools, we will work our way up to constructing map visualizations and interactive graphs. This course will require a substantial amount of computation in R. No prior programming experience is necessary, but learning does require willingness and time.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC
Identical With: CIS251, CIS251, CIS251, CIS251, CIS251, CIS251, CIS251, CIS251
Prereq: None

QAC260 Special Topics in Computer Science

In this class, Computer Science students will team up with students in other disciplines to work on a research problem that requires significant computation-intensive data analysis. All students will learn the fundamental techniques of such analysis. The specific techniques to be learned will be determined by the research problems; some that we might cover are clustering, component analysis, Bayesian analysis, and time-series analysis. The Computer Science students will be responsible for developing a well-written software platform that can be used for the project-specific analysis. The students from other disciplines will fully develop their research proposal and produce an appropriate research paper describing the project and its results.

Offering: Crosslisting
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: NSM-MATH, NSM-MATH, NSM-MATH, NSM-MATH, NSM-MATH
Prereq: COMP112

QAC261 Project-Based Programming for Research

This project-based course will introduce students to programming in the context of research design, data visualization, and analysis of Big Data, focusing on the essential concepts and tools needed to carry out research and problem solving and to keep abreast of new technologies. We will survey these topics by combining scientific problems and modern programming approaches, and students will learn the fundamentals of programming required for structuring and conducting research.

Offering: Crosslisting
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: NSM-PSYC, NSM-PSYC, NSM-PSYC
Identical With: PSYC381, PSYC381, PSYC381, PSYC381, PSYC381, PSYC381, PSYC381
Prereq: None

QAC282 Economics of Big Data

Big data’’ is a popular buzzword that describes techniques using very large datasets, often from nontraditional sources. Many technology firms essentially base their businesses on big data; Google, Facebook, and Amazon are all examples. Increasingly there are opportunities and pressures to employ these techniques in other areas of the economy and society such as government, healthcare, and education. This course examines (1) big data analysis techniques and how they relate to conventional economic statistics, (2) the effect of big data on the economy, society, and privacy, and (3) practical methods of big data analysis using the R statistics package.

Offering: Crosslisting
Grading: OPT
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-ECON, SBS-ECON, SBS-ECON, SBS-ECON
QAC305 Exploratory Data Analysis and Pattern Discovery

The course introduces the theory and practice of exploring, describing, summarizing and detecting patterns of interest in complex datasets. Various approaches including aggregation, clustering, data visualization, and latent variable modeling will be employed. This course will give students an opportunity to develop computational skills (primarily in SAS) and to learn how to discover and interpret relationships in unstructured observational data. The applications and examples for this course will be broad and relevant to many fields of study.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC
Prereq: QAC211 OR ECON300 OR GOVT367

QAC307 Experimental Design and Causal Inference

The course provides the foundations and statistical thinking to design, collect, and analyze experimental data and introduces appropriate techniques for observational data when causal inference is the objective of the analysis. Throughout the course, we introduce and compare various experimental designs. We will discuss sample size and power calculations as well as the advantages and disadvantages of each of these designs. With observational data, we will explore difference-in-difference models, propensity score matching techniques, regression discontinuity designs. This course gives students the opportunity to develop further their computational skills as we learn how to describe, interpret, control, and draw inferences from experimental and observational data.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC
Identical With: CIS307
Prereq: QAC201 OR PSYC200 OR MATH312 OR ECON300

QAC311 Longitudinal Data Analysis

Work across different fields, from medicine and public health to social sciences and education often involves the collection and analysis of longitudinal data--combination of cross-section and time series (repeated measures for the unit of observation) data. This rich data structure provides opportunities to explore questions that could not be addressed with simpler data sets, but at the same time requires special considerations since we are analyzing observations that are not independent. The course introduces students to appropriate graphical exploration of the data and the specification and estimation of fixed and random effects models. It also develops the basic framework for Difference-in-Differences models and explores their applications.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 0.50
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: [QAC201 or SOC257 or GOVT201 or PSYC280 or NS&B280] OR [QAC380 or PSYC395] OR ECON300 OR [GOVT367 or QAC302] OR PSYC200 OR [QAC201 or SOC257 or GOVT201 or PSYC280 or NS&B280] OR [QAC380 or PSYC395] OR MATH312 OR ECON300 OR PSYC200 OR GOVT367

QAC312 Hierarchical Linear Models

Research questions cannot always be explored by collecting data with independent observations. Sometimes this is due to limitations/constraints on the data collection method, and other times our questions pertain to data that are measured at both the individual and group levels (e.g. patients from different hospitals or students, from different schools that belong to different districts). Hierarchical Linear Models (HLM) also called multi-level or mixed models, explicitly model such nested data structures and address analytical and estimation issues not accounted within the framework of the classical linear model. Using data sets from different fields of study (e.g., education, medicine and health) students will learn to formulate multilevel research questions, estimate and critically examine HLM applications.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC, NSM-QAC
Identical With: CIS307
Prereq: QAC201 or SOC257 or GOVT201 or PSYC280 or NS&B280] OR [QAC380 or PSYC395] OR ECON300 OR [GOVT367 or QAC302] OR PSYC200 OR [QAC201 or SOC257 or GOVT201 or PSYC280 or NS&B280] OR [QAC380 or PSYC395] OR MATH312 OR ECON300 OR PSYC200 OR GOVT367

QAC302 Political Science By the Numbers

This course covers the basics of probability theory and statistics. The main purpose of this course is to promote the understanding of statistical concepts and how these concepts can be used to make inferences about the political world. Topics include probability distributions, correlation analysis, linear regression, generalized linear models, maximum likelihood, logistic regression, causal inference, experiments, and non-parametric modeling. Lecture will mainly cover theory while readings will connect the concepts described during lecture to problems in political science. Whenever possible, the instructor will draw upon research in political science to illustrate the why and how of a given concept or technique. Demos will allow students to "play around" with abstract statistical concepts. Most lectures will have an interactive component involving class participation. Problem sets will cover some of the more technical aspects of what we discuss in class along with applications using real data.

Offering: Crosslisting
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-GOVt, SBS-GOVt, SBS-GOVt, SBS-GOVt, SBS-GOVt
Prereq: None

QAC301 Statistics Education Practicum

This course will serve students who are pursuing their undergraduate degree in a variety of disciplines, but who want to expand their skills in statistics and applied data analysis in preparation for a future career. It will also serve students who are currently pursuing independent, quantitative research at the undergraduate or graduate level.

The course will center on personal interaction in support of introductory statistics students. Active peer mentoring and supporting experiences will be based on the theory that good teachers (and learners) of statistics need to be "developed", as opposed to being "trained". In line with this theory, this hands-on course will provide an intensive opportunity to build specific knowledge regarding teaching and learning in the area of data driven statistical inquiry.

Students enrolled in this course will a) attend statistics mentoring development sessions (1 hour/week); b) provide one-on-one support for introductory statistics students during workshop oriented class sessions (3 hours/week); c) lead small group mentored meetings for 5 to 6 statistics students (1 hour/week); and d) monitor and critique progress on applied data assignments (1 hour/week). In addition to these hands on experiences, students will pursue a project aimed at furthering the field of statistics education. Projects may take the form of course evaluation, content/conceptual curriculum development, or translation of educational, statistical software materials.

Similar to PSYC380 (Introduction to Statistical Consulting), this course is aimed at providing students with an opportunity to enhance their statistical skills beyond the introductory level.

Offering: Host
Grading: OPT
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, NSM-QAC
Prereq: QAC201 OR QAC380
GIS technology is a powerful database that allows for the collection, manipulation, analysis, and presentation of spatially referenced data. GIS technologies facilitate natural science, social science, and humanities research and any other project that utilizes location-based data. The Advanced GIS course will focus on individual projects conducted within a collaborative learning framework. Each student is responsible for developing and producing a semester-long project focused on advanced spatial data analyses and/or advanced cartographic design using a GIS. Students will enter the course with an individual or small team (2-3 students) project in mind. The project may be a component of a senior thesis, work on a faculty member's research project, a community-based service learning project, etc. Course sessions will be a mix of studio time for projects (e.g. work time, critiques), skill development (lectures, student-led skills training sessions), and intellectual advancement (e.g. guest speakers, conference attendance). Specific skills training sessions will be determined by components of each project.

QAC313 Latent Variable Analysis
The course is an introduction to latent variable modeling. Students will learn the fundamental statistical methods for structural equation modeling (SEM), including Principal Component Analysis, Confirmatory Factor Analysis, path analysis, and SEM for both quantitative and binary observed variables. Additionally, students will learn the basic components of SEM, such as assumptions, testing model fit and indices of fit, testing competing models, estimation methods, and issues in model identification. Students will learn to develop structural equation models using AMOS, R and/or Mplus statistical software.

QAC314 Survival Analysis
Survival or Event History Analysis focuses on modeling and analysis of time-to-event data—e.g. onset of a disease, duration of a strike, failure of a biological, a physical or a social system, recidivism, etc. The course introduces students to survival and hazard functions, the analysis of censored data using parametric and non-parametric estimation methods and compares survival curves for different groups and discussed competing risk models. The emphasis is on the applications of the different methods with the objective of broadening computational skills in R and/or SAS, and to reinforce statistical writing and communication. These skills will be applied to a variety of problems in political science, public health, engineering, and medicine.

QAC323 Bayesian Data Analysis: A Primer
This course introduces the applied principles of Bayesian statistical analysis. The Bayesian paradigm is particularly appealing in research where prior research and historical data is available on parameters of interest. This course will teach students appropriate techniques for analyzing data of this nature as well as broaden computational skills in R. The course will lay the foundation for Bayesian data analysis, which students can use to further develop skills in decision making.

QAC334 Advanced GIS and Spatial Analyses
A geographic information system (GIS) is a powerful database that allows for the collection, manipulation, analysis, and presentation of spatially referenced data. GIS technologies facilitate natural science, social science, and humanities research and any other project that utilizes location-based data. The Advanced GIS course will focus on individual projects conducted within a collaborative learning framework. Each student is responsible for developing and producing a semester-long project focused on advanced spatial data analyses and/or advanced cartographic design using a GIS. Students will enter the course with an individual or small team (2-3 students) project in mind. The project may be a component of a senior thesis, work on a faculty member’s research project, a community-based service learning project, etc. Course sessions will be a mix of studio time for projects (e.g. work time, critiques), skill development (lectures, student-led skills training sessions), and intellectual advancement (e.g. guest speakers, conference attendance). Specific skills training sessions will be determined by components of each project.

QAC380 Introduction to Statistical Consulting
In this course, students will be exposed to realistic statistical and scientific problems that appear in typical interactions between statisticians and researchers. The goal is for students to apply what they have learned in their basic statistics and data analysis courses to gain greater experience in the areas of research collaboration, data management and analysis, and writing and presenting reports on the results of the analyses. An important objective of the course is to help develop communication skills, both written and verbal, as well as the professional standards and the interpersonal skills necessary for effective statistical consulting.

QAC385 Applications of Machine Learning in Data Analysis
The course provides a broad overview of machine learning algorithms and focuses on their application in data mining. Building on a basic background of regression analysis, and following a "learning-by-doing" approach, students are introduced to data mining tools and techniques that are used to identify patterns and relationships in large and complex data. While the emphasis is on intuition and application rather than theoretical results, through different case studies, students are introduced to the fundamentals of the different methods, and learn how to conceptualize a problem, analyze it using appropriate tools, and communicate their results.

QAC386 Quantitative Textual Analysis: Introduction to Text Mining
We encounter computerized processing of text in almost every field of life. Google tries to infer the meaning of our search queries, online review engines
try to extract information about what products are popular with the users, and across different fields scholars analyze text for insights into the processes and phenomena they study. This course will introduce you to the skills necessary to mine text for information and knowledge. You will learn how to use R to retrieve text from a variety of sources, how to use regular expressions to identify which pieces of text are useful to your study, and how to use techniques from data mining to analyze the processed text in order to extract information and for classification and prediction.

Offering: Host
Grading: A-F
Credits: 1.00
Gen Ed Area: SBS-QAC, SBS-QAC
Prereq: QAC211 OR ECON300 OR [GOVT367 or QAC302] OR [QAC201 or SOC257 or GOVT201 or PSYC280 or NSB 280] OR QAC211 OR [PHYS221 or QAC221 or CIS231]

QAC401 Individual Tutorial, Undergraduate
Topic to be arranged in consultation with the tutor.
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT

QAC402 Individual Tutorial, Undergraduate
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT

QAC419 Student Forum
Student-run group tutorial, sponsored by a faculty member and approved by the chair of a department or program.
Offering: Host
Grading: Cr/U

QAC420 Student Forum
Student-run group tutorial, sponsored by a faculty member and approved by the chair of a department or program.
Offering: Host
Grading: Cr/U

QAC492 Teaching Apprentice Tutorial, Undergraduate
Offering: Host
Grading: OPT